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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

DARROL A. SHEETS, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, CASE NO.:

Plaintiff(s),

: DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

BLUCORA, INC., WILLIAM J. RUCKELSHAUS, and ERIC M. EMANS,

v.

Defendants.

Defendants. :

Plaintiff Darrol A. Sheets ("Plaintiff"), by and through his undersigned attorneys, alleges the following upon information and belief, except as to those allegations concerning Plaintiff, which are alleged upon personal knowledge. Plaintiff's information and belief is based upon, among other things, his counsel's investigation, which includes, without limitation: (a) a review and analysis of regulatory filings made by Blucora, Inc. ("Blucora" or the "Company") with the

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United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"); (b) a review and analysis of press releases and media reports issued by and disseminated by Blucora; and (c) a review of other publicly available information concerning Blucora.

T. SUMMARY OF THE ACTION AND OVERVIEW

- 1. This is a securities class action on behalf of all purchasers of Blucora securities between November 5, 2013, and February 20, 2014, inclusive (the "Class Period") seeking to pursue remedies under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act").
- Blucora operates internet search, online tax preparation and e-commerce businesses in the United States and internationally. The Company's search business, InfoSpace, provides search technology, aggregated content, and search services to its distribution partners and directly to consumers. The search business also aggregates search content from content providers and distributes the aggregated search content through its own websites, such as Dogpile.com and WebCrawler.com. The Company refers to certain of the content providers, such as Google and Yahoo!, as "Search Customers," which pay the Company to distribute their content. Blucora's tax preparation business consists of the operations of the TaxACT tax preparation online service and software business. Its e-commerce business consists of the Monoprice online retailer business. The Company changed its name from InfoSpace, Inc. to Blucora, Inc. in June 2012.
- 3. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants made false and/or misleading statements, as well as failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to disclose that: (1) Blucora's main web properties were tied to malware, viruses and browser hijackers that attack computers; (2) Blucora's search volumes had been boosted due

to a rise in illicit search traffic; (3) a significant portion of the Company's traffic was derived from malware, illicit traffic, pirated content and/or click fraud, including involuntary clicks, artificial clicks and illicit clicks; and (4) that the Company's relationship with Google was impaired and that Google was unlikely to renew its contract with the Company on the same terms as its prior agreement.

- 4. On February 18, 2014, Gotham City Research LLC published a research report on the financial website *Seeking Alpha* entitled "Blucora (i.e. Infospace): Worse Than Blinkx Plc & Babylon Ltd." The report alleged that, among other things: (i) "+60% of [Blucora]'s revenue will evaporate in coming quarters, as Google realizes it is better off without [Blucora]"; (ii) "[a]t least 50% of [Blucora]'s traffic is derived from malware, click fraud, illicit traffic (e.g. child pornography), and otherwise suspect traffic"; and (iii) the Company "is likely to receive scrutiny from Google, Inc. one of Blucora's major customers as well as advertisers, and regulatory agencies."
- 5. After the Gotham City report revealed Blucora's material misstatements and omissions to the market, shares of Blucora declined \$2.00 per share, over 8%, to close at \$21.70 per share on February 18, 2014, on unusually heavy volume.
- 6. After the market closed on February 20, 2014, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K announcing that InfoSpace had only partially renewed its Google Services Agreement with Google. The Company disclosed that under the new agreement, InfoSpace will continue to display ads provided by Google's AdSense for Search for search traffic that originates from desktops and laptops, but will no longer display those ads for search traffic that originates from mobile and tablet devices.

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8. As a result of Defendants' wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline in the market value of the Company's securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have

\$19.80 per share on February 21, 2014, on unusually heavy volume.

On this news, shares of Blucora declined \$1.77 per share, over 8%, to close at

suffered significant losses and damages.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. The claims asserted herein arise under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C.§§78j(b) and 78t(a)) and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the SEC (17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5).
- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §78aa).
- 11. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §78aa(c)). Substantial acts in furtherance of the alleged fraud or the effects of the fraud have occurred in this District. Many of the acts charged herein, including the preparation and dissemination of materially false and/or misleading information, occurred in substantial part in this District. Additionally, Blucora's principal executive offices are located within this District.
- 12. In connection with the acts, transactions, and conduct alleged herein, Defendants directly and indirectly used the means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, including the United States mail, interstate telephone communications, and the facilities of a national securities exchange.

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- 13. Plaintiff, as set forth in the accompanying certification, and incorporated by reference herein, purchased Blucora securities during the Class Period, and suffered damages as a result of the federal securities law violations and false and/or misleading statements and/or material omissions alleged herein.
 - 14. Defendant Blucora is a Delaware corporation with its principal executive offices situated at 10900 N.E. 8th Street, Suite 800, Bellevue, Washington 98004. Blucora common stock is traded on the NASDAQ stock exchange ("NASDAQ") under the symbol "BCOR."
 - 15. Defendant William J. Ruckelshaus ("Ruckelshaus") was, at all relevant times, the Company's President, Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and a Director.
 - Defendant Eric M. Emans ("Emans") was, at all relevant times, the Company's 16. Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), and Treasurer.
 - 17. Defendants Ruckelshaus and Emans are referred to herein as the "Individual Defendants." The Individual Defendants, because of their positions with the Company, possessed the power and authority to control the contents of Blucora's reports to the SEC, press releases and presentations to securities analysts, money and portfolio managers and institutional investors, i.e., the market. The Individual Defendants were provided with copies of the Company's reports and press releases alleged herein to be misleading prior to, or shortly after, their issuance and had the ability and opportunity to prevent their issuance or cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions and access to material non-public information available to them, the Individual Defendants knew that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to, and were being concealed from, the public, and that the positive representations which were being made were then materially false and/or misleading.

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SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

A. Background

IV.

- 18. Blucora was founded in 1996 under the name InfoSpace, Inc. and is a Delaware corporation headquartered in Bellevue, Washington. Blucora operates in three reporting segments: Search, Tax Preparation and E-Commerce. The Search segment consists of InfoSpace, an internet search service provider; the Tax Preparation segment consists of TaxACT, Inc., an online tax preparation service acquired in January 2012; and the E-commerce segment consists of Monoprice, Inc., an online retailer of electronics and accessories acquired in August 2013.
- 19. Blucora's search business, InfoSpace, provides internet search services, primarily through the web properties of its distribution partners. The search business also distributes search content through InfoSpace's owned and operated websites, such as Dogpile.com and WebCrawler.com. According to the Company:

Our search revenue primarily is derived from search content providers who provide paid search links for display as part of our search services. From these content providers, whom we refer to as our Search Customers, we license rights to certain search products and services, including both non-paid and paid search links. We receive revenues from our Search Customers when an end user of our web search services clicks on a paid search link that is provided by that Search Customer and displayed on one of our owned and operated web properties or displayed on the web property of one of our search distribution partners. Revenues are recognized in the period in which such paid clicks occur and are based on the amounts earned and remitted to us by our Search Customers for such clicks.

20. InfoSpace's main customer agreements are with Google and Yahoo!. Google alone accounted for the vast majority – 88% – of the Company's search revenues in 2013, as well as 66% of the Company's total revenue for the same period.

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

B. Materially False and Misleading Statements Issued During the Class Period.

21. The Class Period begins on November 5, 2013. On this day, the Company issued a press release entitled, "Blucora Reports Third Quarter Results." The press release, in relevant part, stated:

"Our businesses performed well in the third quarter," said Bill Ruckelshaus, President and Chief Executive Officer of Blucora. "InfoSpace is executing through changes in the search marketplace and TaxACT is readying for the coming tax season. We were also thrilled to add Monoprice to our Company in the third quarter. I am pleased with the focus of our teams and optimistic about the many opportunities in front of us at Blucora."

* * *

Search

Performance in the third quarter of 2013 reflects growth in InfoSpace owned and operated properties and the addition of new search distribution partners. Segment revenue for the third quarter of 2013 was \$107.7 million, up 18 percent over the third quarter of 2012.

Segment income was \$21.3 million, up 30 percent over prior year.

22. On November 5, 2013, the Company also filed its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the SEC for the period ending September 30, 2013. The Company's Form 10-Q was signed by Defendant Emans, and reaffirmed the Company's financial results announced that same day. Additionally, therein, the Company, in relevant part, stated:

If advertisers perceive that they are not receiving quality traffic to their sites through their paid-per-click advertisements, they may reduce or eliminate their advertising through the Internet, which could have a negative material impact on our business and financial results.

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Most of our revenue from our Search business is based on the number of clicks on paid search results that are served on our web properties or those of our distribution partners. Each time a user clicks on a paid search result, the Search Customer that provided the paid search result receives a fee from the advertiser who paid for the click and the Search Customer pays us a portion of that fee. If the click originated from one of our distribution partners' web properties, we share a portion of the fee we receive with such partner. If an advertiser receives what it perceives to be poor quality traffic, meaning that the advertiser's objectives are not met for a sufficient percentage of clicks for which it pays, the advertiser may reduce or eliminate its advertisements through the Search Customer that provided the commercial search result to us. This leads to a loss of revenue for our Search Customers and consequently lower fees paid to us. Also, if a Search Customer perceives that the traffic originating from one of our web properties or the web property of a distribution partner is of poor quality, the Search Customer may discount the amount it charged all advertisers whose paid click advertisements appeared on such website or web property, and accordingly may reduce the amount it pays us. The Search Customer may also suspend or terminate our ability to provide its content through such websites or web properties if such activities are not modified to satisfy the Search Customer's concerns.

Poor quality traffic may be a result of invalid click activity. Such invalid click activity occurs, for example, when a person or automated click generation program clicks on a commercial search result to generate fees for the web property displaying the commercial search result rather than to view the webpage underlying the commercial search result. Some of this invalid click activity is referred to as "click fraud." When such invalid click activity is detected, the Search Customer may not charge the advertiser or may refund the fee paid by the advertiser for such invalid clicks. If the invalid click activity originated from one of our distribution partners' web properties or our owned and operated properties, such non-charge or refund of the fees paid by the advertisers in turn reduces the amount of fees the Search Customer pays us. Initiatives we undertake to improve the quality of the traffic that we send to our Search Customers may not be successful and, even if successful, may result in loss of revenue in a given reporting period.

23. Also, the Company's Form 10-Q purported to warn about the potential negative impacts if its contract with Google was not renewed. The Company, in relevant part, stated:

Most of our search services revenue is attributable to Google, and the loss of, or a payment dispute with, Google or any other significant Search Customer would harm our business and financial results.

If Google, Yahoo!, or any future significant Search Customer were to substantially reduce or eliminate the content it provides to us or to our distribution partners, our business results could materially suffer if we are unable to establish and maintain new Search Customer relationships, or expand our remaining Search Customer relationships, to replace the lost or disputed revenue. Google accounted for approximately 76% of our total Company revenues in the third quarter of 2013. Yahoo! remains an important partner and contributes to our value proposition as a metasearch provider, but over the past several years, Yahoo!'s percentage or our revenue has declined, and we expect this trend to continue. We continue to believe that if our Google relationship ended or was impaired, we could replace a portion of the lost revenue with revenue from Yahoo!, but because of the increased importance of Google to our Search operations, these two Search Customers are no longer interchangeable. In addition, Yahoo! has entered into an agreement with Microsoft's Bing search service, under which Bing provides all of Yahoo!'s algorithmic search results and some of its paid search results. If Yahoo! cannot maintain an agreement with Bing on favorable terms, or if Bing is unable to adequately perform its obligations to Yahoo!, then Yahoo!'s ability to provide us with algorithmic and paid search results may be impaired. If a Search Customer is unwilling to pay us amounts that it owes us, or if it disputes amounts it owes us or has previously paid to us for any reason (including for the reasons described in the risk factors below), our business and financial results could materially suffer.

The success of our Search business depends on our ability to negotiate extensions of our Search Customer agreements on favorable terms. We are currently in the process of negotiating a renewal of our agreement with Google, which runs to March 31, 2014. Our agreement with Yahoo! recently renewed, and now runs to December 31, 2014. If we cannot negotiate extensions of our current agreements or new agreements on favorable terms (including revenue share rates, our continued ability to offer combine search results from different partners as part of our metasearch service, and other operational aspects of our search services), the financial results of our Search business will suffer.

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24. Defendants' statements described in ¶¶21-23, above, were materially false and/or misleading when made because Defendants failed to disclose that: (1) Blucora's main web properties were tied to malware, viruses and browser hijackers that attack computers; (2) Blucora's search volumes had been boosted due to a rise in illicit search traffic; (3) a significant portion of the Company's traffic was derived from malware, illicit traffic, pirated content and/or click fraud, including, involuntary clicks, artificial clicks and illicit clicks; (4) the Company's relationship with Google was impaired and that Google was unlikely to renew its contract with the Company on the same terms as its prior agreement; and (5) as a result of the above, Defendants' statements about Blucora's business, operations, and prospects were materially false and misleading at all relevant times and/or lacked a reasonable basis.

C. Disclosures at the End of the Class Period.

25. On February 18, 2014, Gotham City Research LLC published a research report on the financial website Seeking Alpha entitled "Blucora (i.e. Infospace): Worse Than Blinkx plc & Babylon Ltd." The report stated, in relevant part:

GOTHAM CITY RESEARCH'S OPINIONS

- 1. +60% of [Blucora]'s revenue will evaporate in coming quarters, as Google realizes it is better off without [Blucora]. Google and Yahoo can walk away from Blucora any time.
- 2. At least 50% of [Blucora]'s traffic is derived from malware, click fraud, illicit traffic (e.g. child pornography), and otherwise suspect traffic.
- 3. Blucora and its partners' practices will receive scrutiny from Google, advertisers, [the Federal Trade Commission], [the Department of Justice], [the Federal Bureau of Investigation], [the Internal Revenue Service], &/or the SEC.

4. ***

1 **SUMMARY OF FACTS** 2 1. 94.81% of Infospace.com visitors go to css.infospace.com, a known redirect virus/browser hijacker. 3 4 2. Infospace.com/Iminent.com generate clicks via cloaking, a practice forbidden per Google's Webmaster Guidelines. 5 3. 3 of dogpile's Top 10 search words are child porn-related. 6 Webcrawler aggressively purchased child porn search traffic 7 in recent quarters. 8 4. Google prohibits advertising related to child pornography. 9 5. 80+% of webcrawler's visitors originate from outside the 10 US, yet only ~1% of [Blucora]'s revenues are international. 11 6. Ads displayed in Blucora-branded search results violate requirements set in their 2011 Amended Agreement. 12 13 7. Metacrawler is the 3,301st most visited site, yet is defunct. 14 8. ~10% decline in Google revenues wipes ~50% of [Blucora] EPS. 15 16 9. [Blucora] has a storied history of defrauding investors, customers, and vendors over the last 15+ years. 17 10. Free cash flow has gone negative over the last 9 months. 18 19 ~50% of recent cash flow from operations consists of 11. increases in accrued liabilities. 20 12. Non-GAAP reporting, not seen since 2003, is back. 21 22 13. Audit fees declined sharply, after changing auditors in '12. 23 14. Gotham City Research contacted Blucora on several occasions and did not hear back from the Company. 24 25 26 27 28 Zwerling, Schachter & Zwerling, LLP CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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26. After the Gotham City Research report revealed Blucora's material misstatements and omissions to the market, shares of Blucora declined \$2.00 per share, over 8%, to close at \$21.70 per share on February 18, 2014, on unusually heavy volume.

27. On February 20, 2014, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K after hours. The Form 8-K, in relevant part, stated:

<u>Item 1.01</u> ENTRY INTO A MATERIAL DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT

On February 19, 2014, InfoSpace LLC ("InfoSpace"), a subsidiary of Blucora, Inc. ("Blucora"), entered into the Google Services Agreement (the "GSA") with Google, Inc. ("Google"). The term of the GSA begins on April 1, 2014 and runs to March 31, 2017, and accordingly it will replace the current Amended and Restated Google Services Agreement (as amended, the "Prior Agreement") between InfoSpace and Google, when the Prior Agreement expires in accordance with its terms on March 31, 2014. In addition, the term of the GSA may be extended until March 31, 2018 upon the mutual agreement of the parties.

Under the terms the GSA, InfoSpace can display search results and advertisements from Google on InfoSpace's owned and operated search websites and provide Google search results and advertisements to the websites in InfoSpace's distribution network. Google pays InfoSpace a percentage of the revenue collected by Google as a result of Internet users clicking on advertisements provided by Google and displayed by InfoSpace and its distribution partners.

In general, the material terms of the Prior Agreement and the GSA are similar. However, beginning on April 1, 2014, InfoSpace will no longer display ads provided by Google's AdSense for Search for search traffic that originates from mobile and tablet devices. For this mobile and tablet traffic, InfoSpace instead intends to display mobile advertisements from other sources, including Yahoo!'s ad network. While the impact of this change is limited to a relatively small subset of our current search business and may be partially offset by the alternative advertising sources, we expect this change will result in slowing of InfoSpace's search business revenue growth rate and, if we are unsuccessful or limited in our ability to transition our search services to provide value to mobile

and tablet endusers, this change may result in a longer term negative impact on InfoSpace's search business.

InfoSpace will continue to display ads provided by Google's AdSense for Search for search traffic that originates from desktops and laptops. This traffic constituted approximately 85% of the revenue generated by InfoSpace's search business in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, and the revenue share percentages that determine the payments that InfoSpace receives from Google for this traffic remain unchanged from the Prior Agreement.

(Emphasis added.)

- 28. According to the Company, mobile business from Google accounted for 15% of the existing contract between Blucora and Google. Thus, Google's mobile business represented approximately 13% of Blucora's overall search revenues in 2013, and 10% of the Company's overall revenues for the same period.
- 29. On this news, shares of Blucora declined \$1.77 per share, over 8%, to close at \$19.80 per share on February 21, 2014, on unusually heavy volume.

V. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 30. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a Class, consisting of all those who purchased or otherwise acquired Advanced securities during the Class Period (the "Class"); and were damaged upon the revelation of the alleged corrective disclosures. Excluded from the Class are defendants herein, the officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns and any entity in which defendants have or had a controlling interest.
- 31. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, Blucora' securities were actively traded on the

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NASDAQ. While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and
can be ascertained only through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are hundreds
or thousands of members in the proposed Class. Record owners and other members of the Class
may be identified from records maintained by the Company or its transfer agent and may be
notified of the pendency of this action by mail, using the form of notice similar to that
customarily used in securities class actions.

- 32. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all members of the Class are similarly affected by defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of federal law that is complained of herein.
- 33. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation. Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to or in conflict with those of the Class.
- 34. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the Class are:
 - whether the federal securities laws were violated by defendants' acts as alleged herein;
 - whether statements made by defendants to the investing public during the Class Period misrepresented material facts about the business, operations and management of Blucora;
 - whether the Individual Defendants caused Blucora to issue false and misleading financial statements during the Class Period;

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- whether defendants acted knowingly or recklessly in issuing false and misleading financial statements;
- whether the prices of Blucora securities during the Class Period were artificially inflated because of the defendants' conduct complained of herein; and
- whether the members of the Class have sustained damages and, if so, what is the proper measure of damages.
- 35. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation make it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.
- 36. Plaintiff will rely, in part, upon the presumption of reliance established by the fraud-on-the-market doctrine in that:
 - defendants made public misrepresentations or failed to disclose material facts during the Class Period;
 - the omissions and misrepresentations were material;
 - Blucora' securities are traded in an efficient market;
 - the Company's shares were liquid and traded with moderate to heavy volume during the Class Period;
 - the Company traded on the NASDAQ and was covered by multiple analysts;

- the misrepresentations and omissions alleged would tend to induce a reasonable investor to misjudge the value of the Company's securities; and
- Plaintiff and members of the Class purchased, acquired and/or sold
 Blucora securities between the time the defendants failed to disclose or
 misrepresented material facts and the time the true facts were disclosed,
 without knowledge of the omitted or misrepresented facts.
- 37. Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to a presumption of reliance upon the integrity of the market.
- 38. Alternatively, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to the presumption of reliance established by the Supreme Court in *Affiliated Ute Citizens of the State of Utah v. United States*, 406 U.S. 128, 92 S. Ct. 2430 (1972), as Defendants omitted material information in their Class Period statements in violation of a duty to disclose such information, as detailed above.

COUNT ONE

VIOLATION OF SECTION 10(b) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT AND RULE 10b-5 PROMULGATED THEREUNDER AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 39. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.
- 40. During the Class Period, Defendants carried out a plan, scheme and course of conduct which was intended to and, throughout the Class Period, did: (i) deceive the investing public, including Plaintiff and other Class members, as alleged herein; and (ii) cause Plaintiff and other members of the Class to purchase Blucora securities at artificially inflated prices. In

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

furtherance of this unlawful scheme, plan and course of conduct, Defendants, and each of them, took the actions set forth herein.

- 41. Defendants: (i) employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact and/or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements not misleading; and (iii) engaged in acts, practices, and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities in an effort to maintain artificially high market prices for Blucora securities in violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5. All Defendants are sued either as primary participants in the wrongful and illegal conduct charged herein or as controlling persons as alleged below.
- 42. Defendants, individually and in concert, directly and indirectly, by the use, means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce and/or of the mails, engaged and participated in a continuous course of conduct to conceal adverse material information about Blucora's business, operations and financial performance and prospects, as specified herein.
- 43. Defendants employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud, while in possession of material adverse non-public information and engaged in acts, practices, and a course of conduct as alleged herein in an effort to assure investors of Blucora's value and performance and continued substantial growth, which included the making of, or the participation in the making of, untrue statements of material facts and/or omitting to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made about Blucora and its business operations and financial prospects in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as set forth more particularly herein, and engaged in transactions, practices and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

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Each of the Individual Defendants' primary liability, and controlling person liability, arises from the following facts: (i) the Individual Defendants were high-level executives at the Company during the Class Period and members of the Company's management team or had control thereof; (ii) the Individual Defendants, by virtue of their responsibilities and activities as senior officers of the Company, were privy to and participated in the creation, development and reporting of the Company's internal budgets, plans, projections and/or reports; (iii) the Individual Defendants enjoyed significant personal contact and familiarity with the other Defendants and were advised of, and had access to, other members of the Company's management team, internal reports and other data and information about the Company's finances, operations, and sales at all relevant times; and (iv) were aware of the Company's dissemination of information to the investing public which they knew and/or recklessly disregarded was materially false and misleading.

Defendants had actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions of material facts set forth herein, or acted with reckless disregard for the truth in that they failed to ascertain and to disclose such facts, even though such facts were available to them. Defendants' material misrepresentations and/or omissions were done knowingly or recklessly and for the purpose and effect of concealing Blucora's financial condition from the investing public and supporting the artificially inflated price of its securities. As demonstrated by Defendants' misstatements and/or omissions concerning the Company's business, operations, financial wellbeing, and prospects throughout the Class Period, Defendants, if they did not have actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions alleged, were reckless in failing to obtain such knowledge by deliberately refraining from taking those steps necessary to discover whether those statements were false or misleading.

46. As a result of the dissemination of the materially false and/or misleading information and/or failure to disclose material facts, as set forth above, the market price of Blucora securities was artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the fact that market prices of the Company's securities were artificially inflated, and relying directly or indirectly on the false and misleading statements made by Defendants, or upon the integrity of the market in which the securities trade, and/or in the absence of material adverse information that was known to or recklessly disregarded by Defendants, but not disclosed in public statements by Defendants during the Class Period, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class acquired Blucora securities during the Class Period at artificially high prices and were damaged thereby.

- 47. At the time of said misrepresentations and/or omissions, Plaintiff and other members of the Class were ignorant of their falsity, and believed them to be true. Had Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and the marketplace known the truth regarding Blucora and its business and prospects, which were not disclosed by Defendants, Plaintiff and other members of the Class would not have purchased or otherwise acquired their Blucora securities, or, if they had acquired such securities during the Class Period, they would not have done so at the artificially inflated prices which they paid.
- 48. By virtue of the foregoing, Defendants have violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.
- 49. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their respective purchases and sales of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

COUNT TWO

VIOLATION OF SECTION 20(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT AGAINST THE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS

- 50. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 51. The Individual Defendants acted as controlling persons of Blucora within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act as alleged herein. By virtue of their high-level positions, and ownership and contractual rights, participation in and/or awareness of the Company's operations and/or intimate knowledge of the false statements filed by the Company with the SEC and disseminated to the investing public, the Individual Defendants had the power to influence and control and did influence and control, directly or indirectly, the decision making of the Company, including the content and dissemination of the various statements which Plaintiff contends are false and misleading. The Individual Defendants were provided with or had unlimited access to copies of the Company's reports, press releases, public filings and other statements alleged by Plaintiff to be misleading prior to and/or shortly after these statements were issued and had the ability to prevent the issuance of the statements or cause the statements to be corrected.
- 52. In particular, the Individual Defendants had direct and supervisory involvement in the day-to-day operations of the Company and, therefore, are presumed to have had the power to control or influence the particular transactions giving rise to the securities violations as alleged herein, and exercised the same.
- 53. As set forth above, Blucora and the Individual Defendants violated Section 10(b) and Rule 10b-5 by their acts and/or omissions as alleged in this Complaint. By virtue of their

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positions as controlling persons, the Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their purchases of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment, as follows:

- A. Determining that this action is a proper class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
- В. Awarding compensatory damages in favor of Plaintiff and the other Class members against all Defendants, jointly and severally, for all damages sustained as a result of Defendants' wrongdoing, in an amount to be proven at trial, including interest thereon;
- C. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class their reasonable costs and expenses incurred in this action, including counsel fees and expert fees; and
 - Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. D.

VII. JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all causes of action so triable.

Dated: May 14, 2014 ZWERLING, SCHACHTER & **ZWERLING, LLP**

> By:__/s/ Dan Drachler_ Dan Drachler (WSBA #27728) 1904 Third Avenue, Suite 1030 Seattle, WA 98101-1170 Telephone: (206) 223-2053 Facsimile: (206) 343-9636

ddrachler@zsz.com

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Zwerling, Schachter & Zwerling, LLP 1904 Third Avenue, Suite 1030 Seattle, WA 98101-1170

Tel.: (206) 223-2053

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1 POMERANTZ LLP 2 Jeremy A. Lieberman Frank McConville 3 600 Third Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10016 4 Telephone: (212) 661-1100 Facsimile: (212) 661-8665 migross@pomlaw.com 5 jalieberman@pomlaw.com 6 POMERANTZ LLP 7 Patrick V. Dahlstrom 10 South La Salle Street, Suite 3505 8 Chicago, Illinois 60603 Telephone: (312) 377-1181 Facsimile: (312) 377-1184 9 pdahlstrom@pomlaw.com 10 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT Zwerling, Schachter & Zwerling, LLP

1904 Third Avenue, Suite 1030 Seattle, WA 98101-1170

Tel.: (206) 223-2053

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

- 1. I, Darrol A. Sheets, make this declaration pursuant to Section 27(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act") and/or Section 21D(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.
- 2. I have reviewed a Complaint against Blucora, Inc. ("Blucora" or the "Company") and, authorize the filing of a comparable complaint on my behalf.
- 3. I did not purchase or acquire Blucora securities at the direction of plaintiffs' counsel or in order to participate in any private action arising under the Securities Act or Exchange Act.
- 4. I am willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a Class of investors who purchased or acquired Blucora securities during the class period, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. I understand that the Court has the authority to select the most adequate lead plaintiff in this action.
- 5. To the best of my current knowledge, the attached sheet lists all of my transactions in Blucora securities during the Class Period as specified in the Complaint.
- 6. During the three-year period preceding the date on which this Certification is signed, I have not sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws.
- 7. I agree not to accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of the class as set forth in the Complaint, beyond my pro rata share of any recovery, except such reasonable costs and expenses directly relating to the representation of the class as ordered or approved by the Court.

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Executed _April 4, 2014 (Date)	
	Navel A. Short (Signature)
	Darrol A. Sheets
	(Type or Print Name)

8. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

SUMMARY OF PURCHASES AND SALES

PURCHASE OR SALE	NUMBER OF SHARES	PRICE PER SHARE
Purchase	750 order #1343	750 @ \$25.15
Sold	750 order #1347	750 @ \$20.00
Purchased Call Option	2 @0.25	0.25 X 200 = \$50.00
Expired Worthless	2 @ 0.25	\$0.0
	Purchase Sold Purchased Call Option	Purchase 750 order #1343 Sold 750 order #1347 Purchased Call Option 2 @0.25